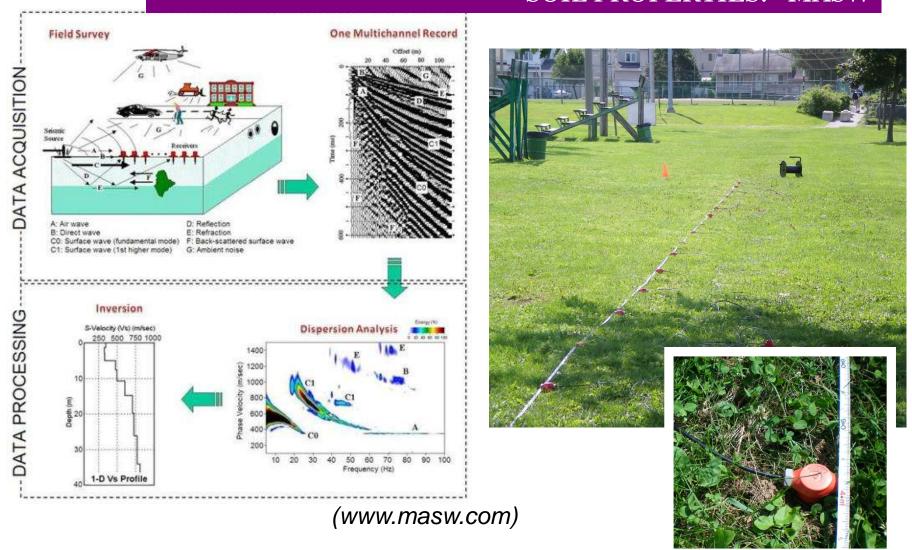
SOIL PROPERTIES: HVSR and F_o

- Efficient method in the field (~ 10 min at each site)
- Reliable estimate of Fo for the sites investigated
- Good correlation with depth to bedrock





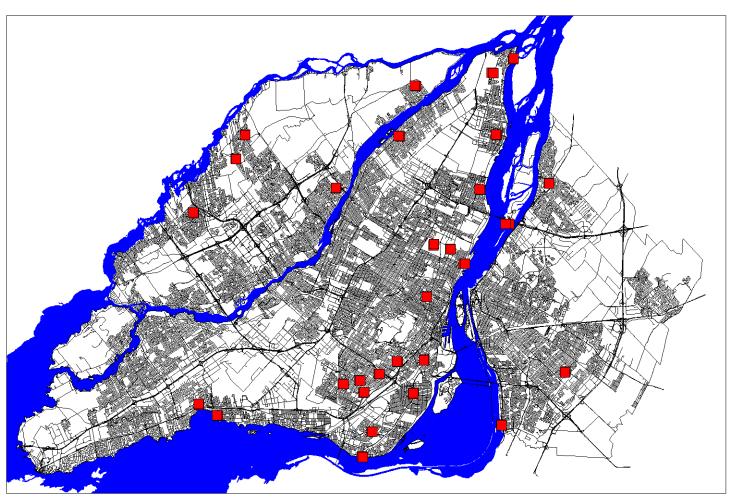
SOIL PROPERTIES: MASW



(Multichannel Analysis of Surface Waves)



SOIL PROPERTIES: MASW



(www.masw.com)

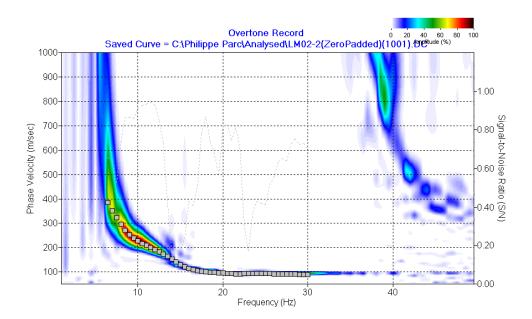
MASW in 29 parks



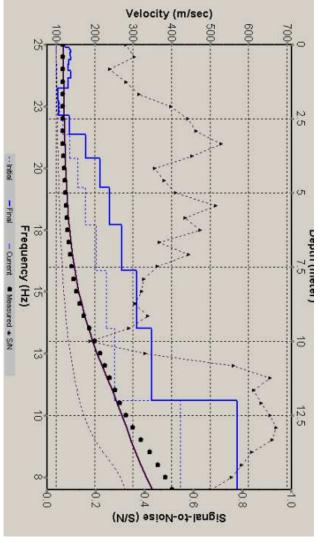
CSRN Canadian Seismic Research Network

RCRP Réseau canadien pour la recherche parasismique





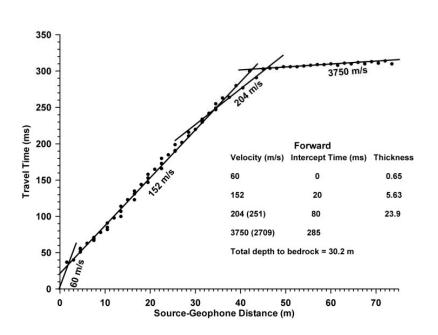
• Number of layers selected using borehole information







Seismic refraction









SEISMIC REFLECTION



High resolution seismic reflection ~ 7.5 km (GSC - Minivibe)

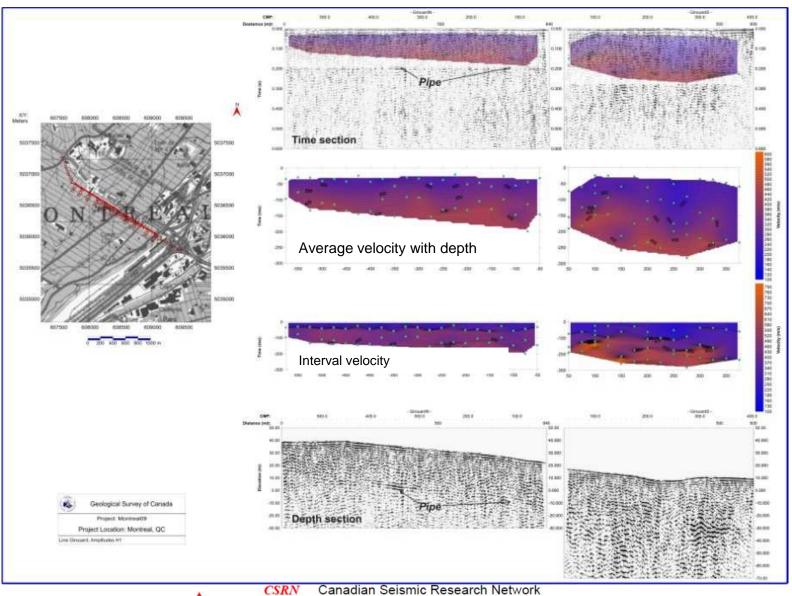


Canadian Seismic Research Network
Réseau canadien pour la recherche parasismique

- Girouard
- Botanical Garden
- Notre-Dame East
- •Notre-Dame West



SEISMIC REFLECTION

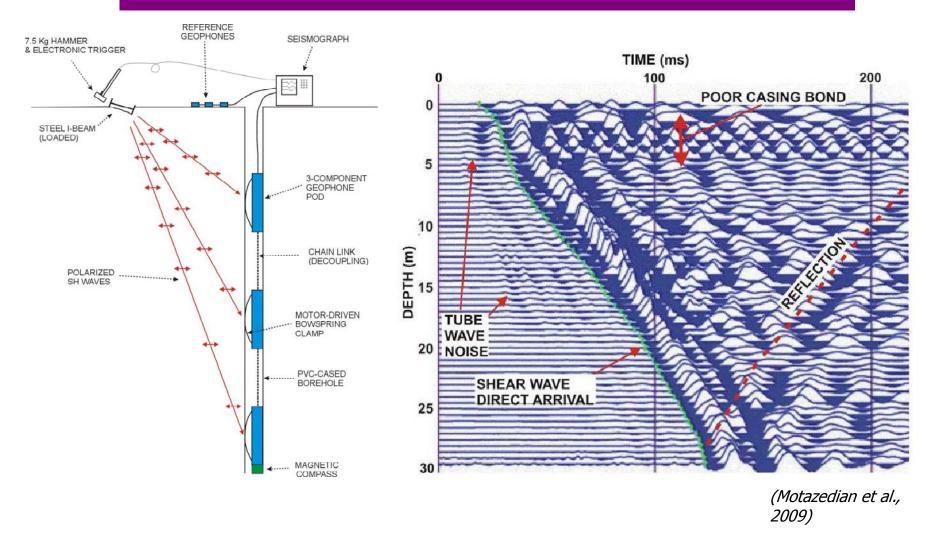




Canadian Seismic Research Network Réseau canadien pour la recherche parasismique



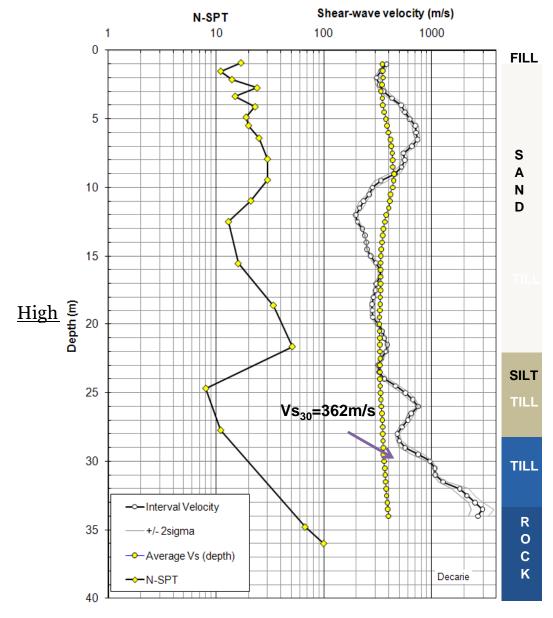
Downhole measurements





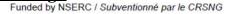


Downhole measurements





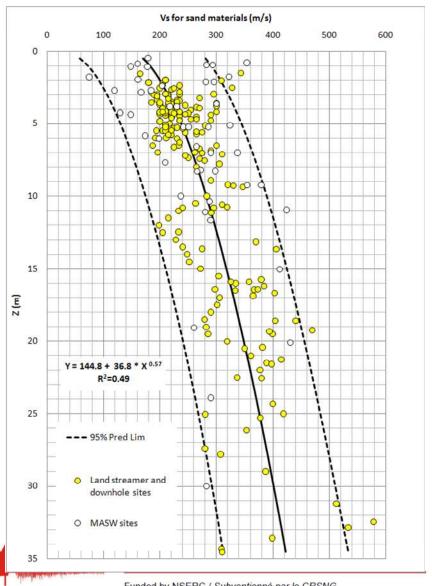
RCRP Réseau canadien pour la recherche parasismique Vs en forage





FOUR LAYER MODEL

SAND

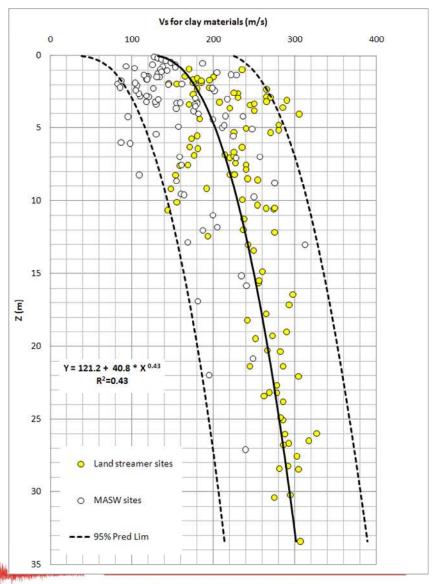




Funded by NSERC / Subventionné par le CRSNG

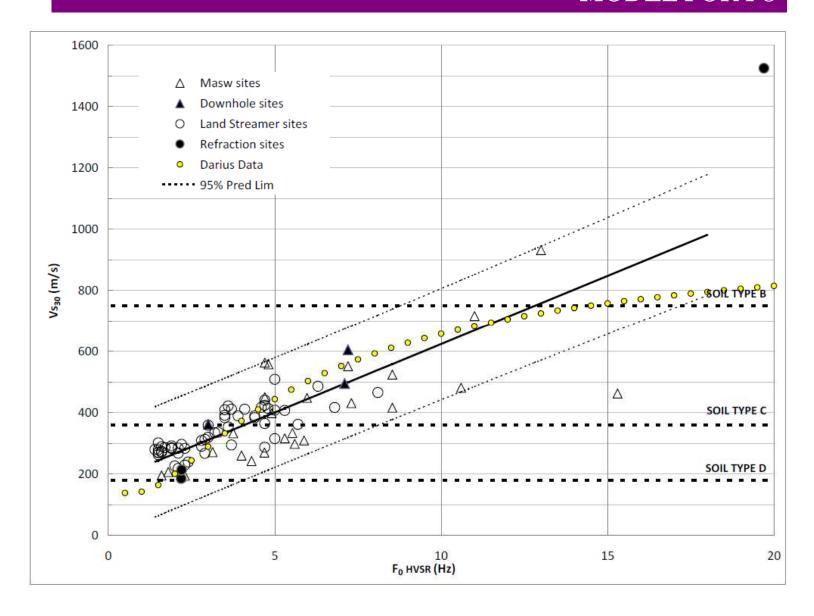
FOUR LAYER MODEL

CLAY





MODEL FOR FO

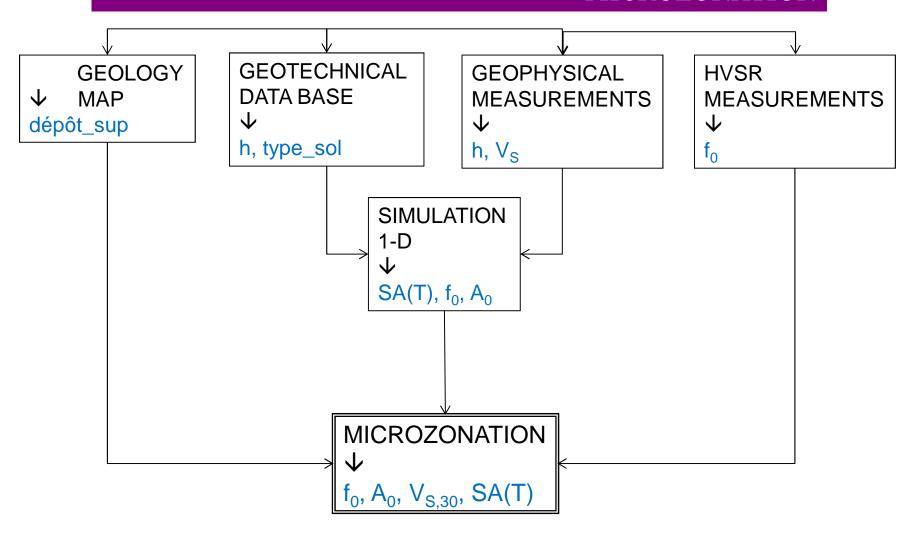




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MICROZONATION



Méthodologie



eismic Research Network
Reseau canadien pour la recherche parasismique



MICROZONATIOJN

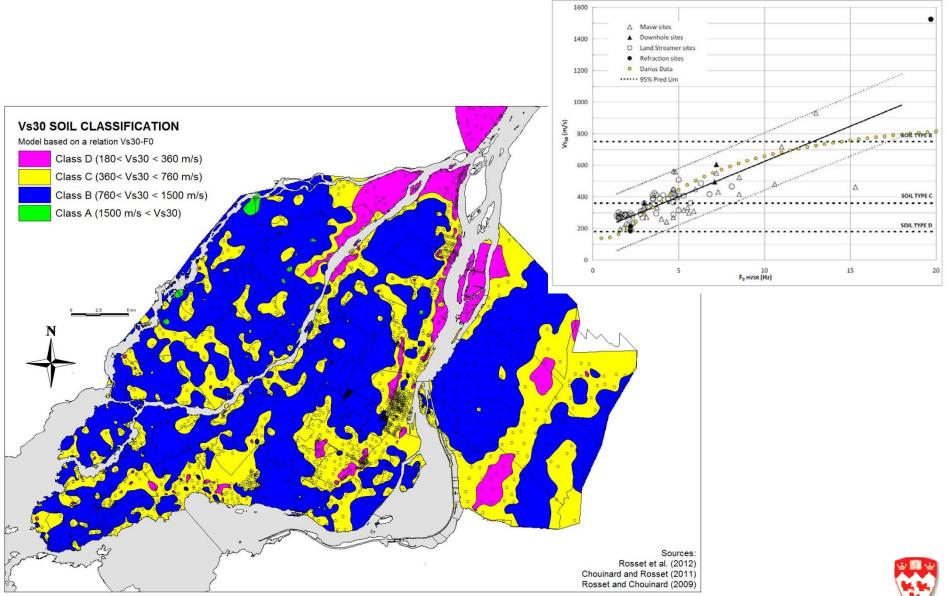
- Based on NBCC soil classification: Vs30
 - Différents options for defining the microzonation as a function of the level of information available
 - Based on topography (USGS)
 - Based on seismic surveys
 - Based on depth to bedrock
 - Based on borehole data
 - Based on HVSR measurements
- Based on Vs30 and other inputs (e.g. Fo)





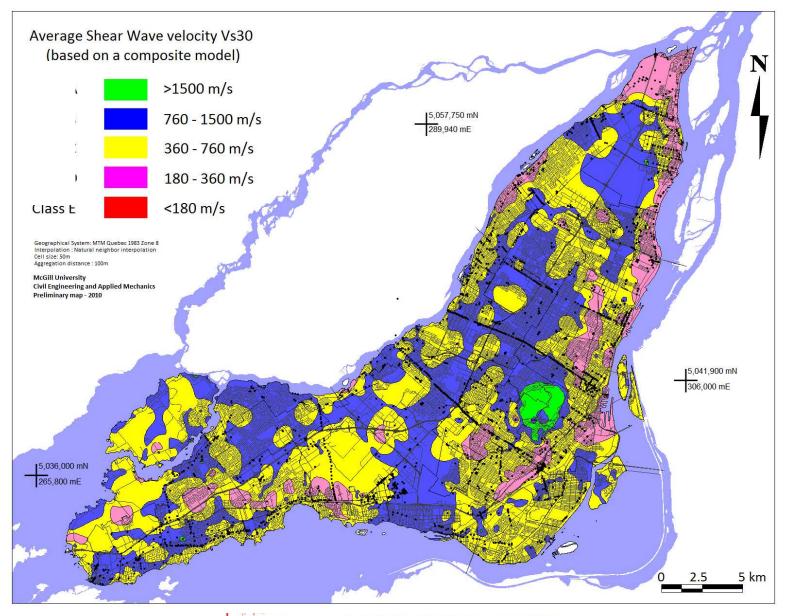
MICROZONATION

Vs₃₀ from data on HSVR (2631 sites) and Vs measurements (Chouinard and Rosset, 2011)



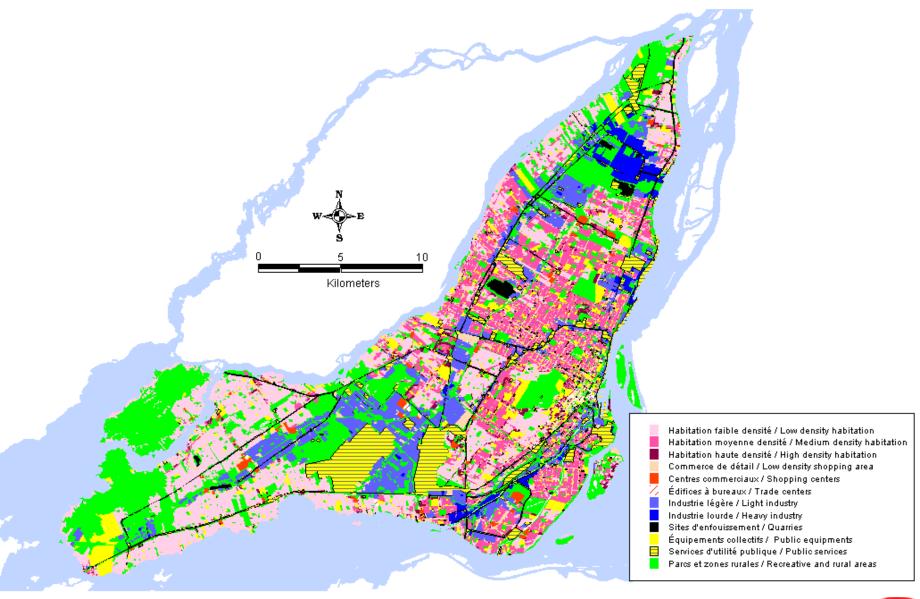
MICROZONATION

COMPOSITE MODEL





INTRANTS: OCCUPATION DU SOL



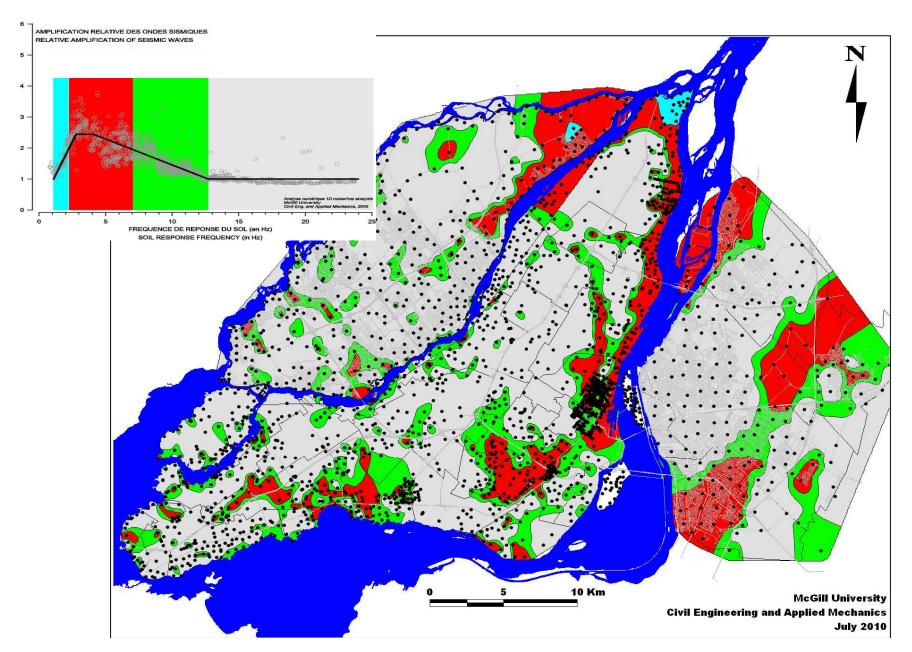


Canadian Seismic Research Network Réseau canadien pour la recherche parasismique



MICROZONATION

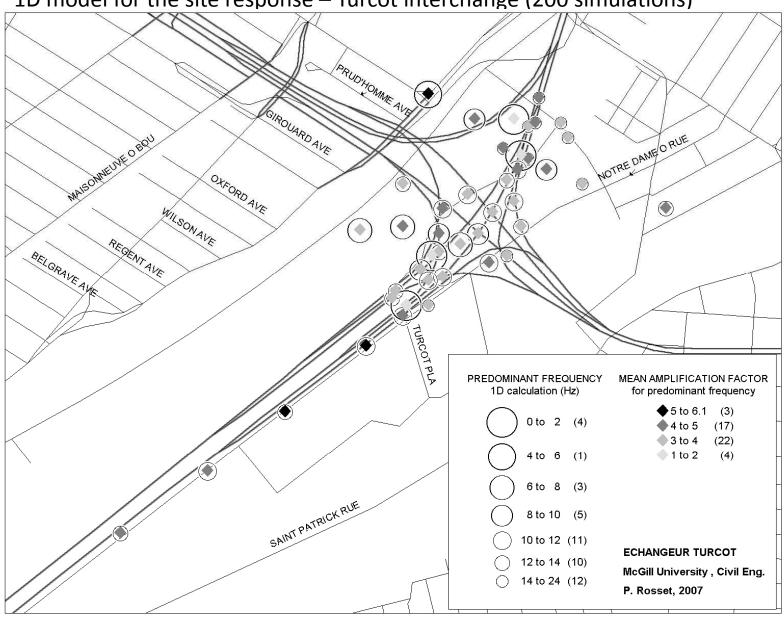
Microzonation based on F0 from HVSR and 1D wave propagation (Rosset and Chouinard, 2009)





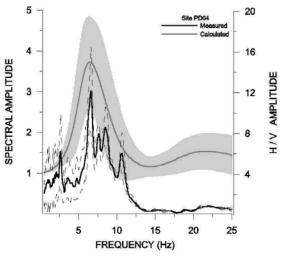
SITE SPECIFIC ANALYSIS

1D model for the site response – Turcot interchange (200 simulations)

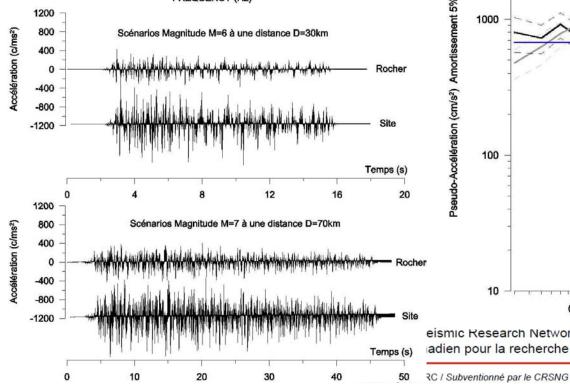


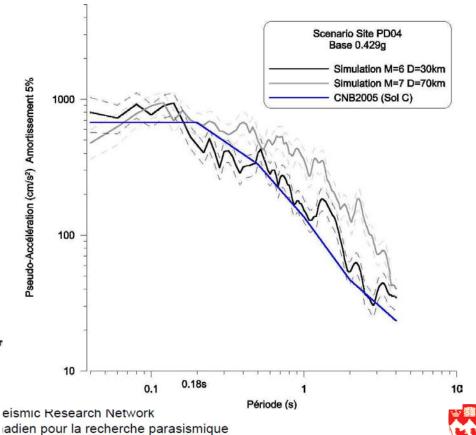


SITE SPECIFIC ANALYSIS



Lithologie	Épaisseur (m)	Vitesse des ondes de cisaillement (m/s)	Densité relative	Atténuation Qs
Tourbe	0.89	150	2.0	5
Argile	5.16	150	1.72	5
Till intermédiaire	1.4	800	2.16	20
Roche		2300	2.67	100





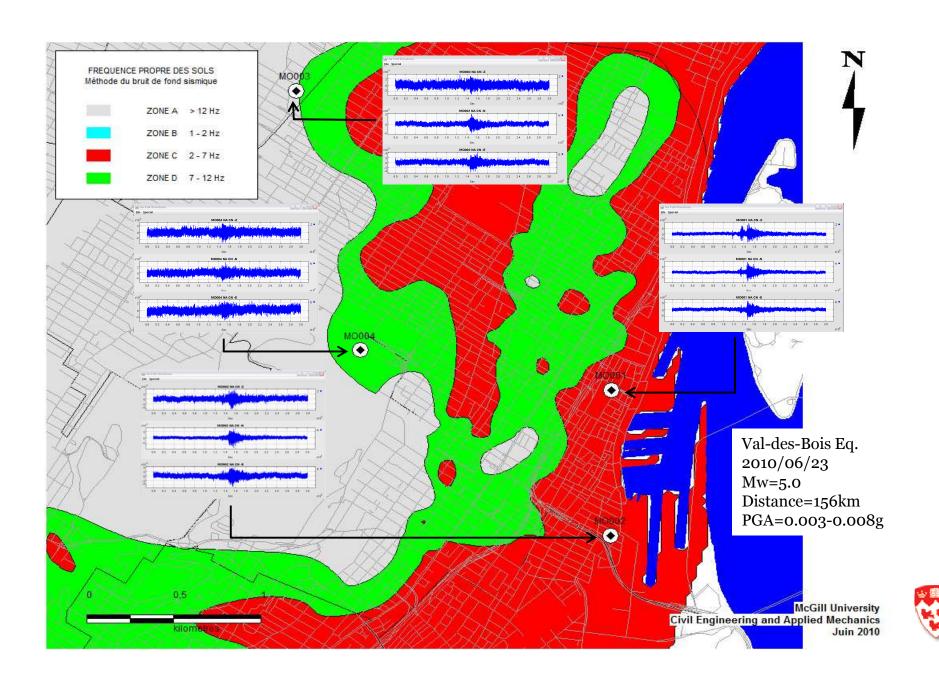
ACCELERMOTER NETWORK OF MONTREAL (GSC)

Station_Id	Latitude	Longitude	X	Y	Nom, adresse
MO001	45.5099	-73.5534	300580	5041000	Chaussegros-de-Léry303, Notre Dame Est
MO002	45.4962	-73.5533	300570	5039560	Louis-Charland, 801 rue Brennan
MO003	45.5403	-73.5714	297670	5043970	Direction des Immeubles, 2580 bd St-Joseph
MO004	45.5125	-73.5841	298263	5041395	Quartier Général des Incendies, 4040 av. du Parc





ACCELERMOTER NETWORK OF MONTREAL (GSC)



CONCLUSIONS

Montreal is located in a moderate seismic zone with potential for significant damage.

Microzonation has been developed and is being expanded to the Greater Monteral area.

Liquefaction map has also been produced.

Microzonation has been used to perfrom seismic risk analysis for Montreal.

Ongoing seismic risk analysis for Laval



THANK YOU

QUESTIONS?

